NEWLANDS COLLEGE

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

School Directory

Ministry Number:

Principal: Grant Jones

School Address: 68 Bracken Road, Newlands, Wellington 6037

268

School Postal Address: PO Box 26079, Newlands, Wellington 6442

School Phone: 04 473 4136

School Email: newcol@newlands.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Gavin Knight	Chair Person	Elected	May 2022
Grant Jones	Principal	ex Officio	·
Sapphire Aitcheson	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Tom Logan	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Michelle Mako	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
James Malden	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Glenn McStay	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Brian Norris	Parent Rep	Elected	May 2022
Ben Lau	Staff Rep	Elected	May 2022
Holly Ells	Student Rep	Elected	Sept 2020
Joshua Taefu	Student Rep	Elected	Sept 2021

NEWLANDS COLLEGE

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2020

Index

Page	Statement
	Financial Statements
<u>1</u>	Statement of Responsibility
2	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
<u>3</u>	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
4	Statement of Financial Position
<u>5</u>	Statement of Cash Flows
6 - 22	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Other Information
	Analysis of Variance
	Kiwisport

Newlands College

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2020

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2020 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Gavin Knight	Grant Jones
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
hALAA	
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
21 May 2021	21 May 2021
Date:	Date:

Newlands College Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense For the year ended 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	11,728,389	11,321,709	10,080,331
Locally Raised Funds	3	458,220	499,656	915,705
Interest income		66,810	70,000	102,539
International Students	4	412,788	746,500	835,462
		12,666,207	12,637,865	11,934,037
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	291,147	319,254	604,576
International Students	4	290,210	377,100	355,476
Learning Resources	5	7,738,587	7,749,018	6,975,550
Administration	6	451,265	449,175	547,906
Finance		26,946	40,600	29,016
Property	7	3,453,067	3,432,540	3,015,315
Depreciation	8	277,531	265,000	298,487
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,087	5,000	8,562
		12,529,840	12,637,687	11,834,888
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		136,367	178	99,149
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	.	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	r	136,367	178	99,149

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements. $^{\rm t}$

Newlands College Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	Actual 2020 \$	Budget (Unaudited) 2020 \$	Actual 2019 \$
Balance at 1 January		2,945,615	2,725,822	2,846,466
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education		136,367	178	99,149
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		25,758	-	-
Equity at 31 December	25	3,107,740	2,726,000	2,945,615
Retained Earnings		3,107,740	2,726,000	2,945,615
Equity at 31 December	3	3,107,740	2,726,000	2,945,615

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands College Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Current Assets		\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	•			
Accounts Receivable	9	339,560	900,000	770,662
Prepayments	10	704,355	500,000	746,528
Investments	44	25,797	30,000	24,692
mesunens	11	2,660,913	2,517,000	2,398,862
Current Liabilities		3,730,625	3,947,000	3,940,744
GST Payable				
Accounts Payable	4.6	11,281	25,000	39,316
Revenue Received in Advance	13	707,650	550,000	599,371
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	430,915	1,400,000	667, 010
	15	51,000	51,000	41,000
Painting Contract Liability - Current Portion Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	16	48,140	100,000	48,140
Funds held in Trust	17	27,082	65,000	29,558
	18	413,281	50,000	704,067
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	19	(49,154)	10,000	(28,979)
		1,640,195	2,251,000	2,099,483
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		2,090,430	1,696,000	1,841,261
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	1,296,557	1,400,000	1,330,697
		1,296,557	1,400,000	1,330,697
Non-current Liabilities				
Painting Contract Liability	16	225,673	250,000	210,428
Finance Lease Liability	17	53,573	120,000	
	-		120,000	15,915
		279,246	370,000	226,343
Net Assets	_	3,107,740	2,726,000	2,945,615
Equity	25	3,107,740	2,726,000	2,945,615

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands College Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Note	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		2,721,323	5,083,039	2,151,654
Locally Raised Funds		565,084	599,656	701,275
International Students		180,613	1,746,500	800,027
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(28,035)	25,000	17,032
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(290,786)	50,000	(188,086)
Payments to Employees		(1,721,141)	(1,290,197)	(1,516,893)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,375,942)	(1,664,398)	(1,927,240)
Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year		(77,115)	(37,000)	(76,573)
Interest Paid		(26,946)	(40,600)	(29,016)
Interest Received		72,361	70,000	105,179
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		19,416	4,542,000	37,359
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangible	es)	(1,087)	(5,000)	(8.562)
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)	,	(283,796)	(1,665,000)	(210,534)
Purchase of Investments		(262,051)	(2,517,000)	(863,631)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(546,934)	(4,187,000)	(1,082,727)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		25,758	_	_
Finance Lease Payments		75,587	185,000	(98,323)
Painting contract payments		15,245	350,000	15,243
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		(20,175)	10,000	(1,947)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		96,415	545,000	(85,027)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(431,103)	900,000	(1,130,395)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	9	770,662	-	1,901,057
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9	339,560	900.000	770,662
				,,,,,,

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands College Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Newlands College (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. "&"Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 15.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies;

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However. short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

h) investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are: **Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets** Furniture and equipment Information and communication technology Motor vehicles Textbooks

10-12 years 5 years 5 years 3 years Leased assets held under a Finance Lease 3-5 years 12.5% Diminishing value Library resources

50 years

i) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. Its fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

j) impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to self and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

I) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, and also annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- · the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

m) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from [international, hostel students and grants received] (delete as appropriate) where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to International students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

n) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

n) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of the School's control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

o) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

p) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except

for investments that are shares, are categorised as 'financial assets measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as 'financial liabilities measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

p) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Borrowings include but are not limited to bank overdrafts, operating leases, finance leases, painting contracts and term loans.

q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

r) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

s) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Operational Grants	2,084,695	1,908,720	1,759,619
Teachers' Salaries Grants	6,338,752	6,338,752	5,660,682
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	2,725,740	2,725,740	2,267,995
Resource Teachers Learning and Behaviour Grants	8,934	8,000	9,275
Other MoE Grants	471,151	295,000	275,805
Other Government Grants	99,117	45,497	106,955
	11,728,389	11,321,709	10,080,331

The school is not eligible to opt in to the donations scheme for this year.

Other MOE Grants total includes additional COVID-19 funding totalling \$142,857 for the year ended 31 December 2020.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
Revenue	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Donations	160,408	136,043	166,330
Activities - fees	283,697	354,613	730,390
Trading - sales	13,715	9,000	18,645
Fundraising	400	-	340
	458,220	499,656	915,705
Expenses			
Activities - expense	284,910	319,254	599,511
Trading - cost of sales	6,237	-	5,065
	291,147	319,254	604,576
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	167,073	180,402	311,129

Expenses 38,647 70,200 57 Recruitment 10,196 42,800 30 International Student Levy 6,254 16,000 7 Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238 Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21 Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479	al ber 9
Actual Number Num	9 ial 5,462 7,844
International Student Roll 34 47 50 2020 2020 2019 Budget Actual (Unaudited) Actual (Unaudited) Actual S S S S S S S S S	9 ial 5,462 7,844
2020 2020 2019 Budget Actual (Unaudited) Actual Revenue \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9 ial 5,462 7,844
Revenue S \$ \$ International Student Fees 412,788 746,500 835, Expenses 2 38,647 70,200 57, Recruitment 10,196 42,800 30, International Student Levy 6,254 16,000 7, Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238, Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21, Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479,	i al 5,462 7,844
Revenue \$ \$ \$ International Student Fees 412,788 746,500 835, Expenses 2 38,647 70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 57,70,200 30,70,200<	5,462 7,844
International Student Fees 412,788 746,500 835, Expenses 38,647 70,200 57, Recruitment 10,196 42,800 30, International Student Levy 6,254 16,000 7, Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238, Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21, Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479,	7,844
Expenses 38,647 70,200 57 Commissions 10,196 42,800 30 International Student Levy 6,254 16,000 7 Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238 Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21 Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479	7,844
Commissions 38,647 70,200 57, Recruitment Recruitment 10,196 42,800 30, International Student Levy Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238, Other Expenses Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21, Other Expenses Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479, Other Expenses	-
Recruitment 10,196 42,800 30, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 1	-
International Student Levy 6,254 16,000 7 Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238 Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21 290,210 377,100 355 Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479	บ บอร
Employee Benefit - Salaries 225,551 234,000 238 Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21 290,210 377,100 355 Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479	-
Other Expenses 9,562 14,100 21 290,210 377,100 355 Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479	7,683
290,210 377,100 355. Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479.	8,634
Surplus for the year International Students 122,578 369,400 479	1,222
	5,476
	9,986
5. Learning Resources	
2020 2020 2019 Budget	9
Actual (Unaudited) Actual	ıal
\$ \$	
Curricular 257,008 388,222 280	0,867
Equipment Repairs 5,063 10,309 11	1,422
	2,387
	1,885
	3,414
	5,575
7,738,587 7,749,018 6,975	5,550

6. Administration

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
			·
Audit Fee	4,201	10,500	10,197
Board of Trustees Fees	5,675	5,900	4,890
Board of Trustees Expenses	9,627	9,100	22,397
Communication	12,839	12,450	19,238
Consumables	9,416	19,500	19,659
Legal Fees	16,686	5,000	60,064
Other	46,777	74,425	55,800
Employee Benefits - Salaries	326,830	296,300	340,539
Insurance	19,214	16,000	15,122
	451,265	449,175	547,906
7. Property			
	2020	2020	2019
	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	2020 Actual	Budget	
		-	Actual
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Consultancy and Contract Services	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual \$ 34,481
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision	Actual \$ 35,071	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100	Actual \$
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142 15,256	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000 108,000	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250 98,242 13,767
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142 15,256 100,280 2,725,740	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000 108,000 15,000	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250 98,242
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings Security	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142 15,256 100,280 2,725,740 18,091	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000 108,000 15,000 96,000	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250 98,242 13,767 151,013
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142 15,256 100,280 2,725,740	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000 108,000 15,000 96,000 2,725,740	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250 98,242 13,767 151,013 2,267,995
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings Security	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142 15,256 100,280 2,725,740 18,091 94,771	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000 108,000 15,000 96,000 2,725,740 25,000 78,500	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250 98,242 13,767 151,013 2,267,995 19,258
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings Security	Actual \$ 35,071 224,494 87,115 35,107 117,142 15,256 100,280 2,725,740 18,091	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 36,100 236,200 88,000 24,000 108,000 15,000 96,000 2,725,740 25,000	Actual \$ 34,481 205,538 86,573 45,250 98,242 13,767 151,013 2,267,995 19,258

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

8. Depreciation

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Buildings - School	5,613	5,600	5,613
Furniture and Equipment	111,709	128,000	121,135
Information and Communication Technology	99,448	100,000	103,535
Motor Vehicles	3,391	-	.00,000
Textbooks	8,933	8,000	8,412
Leased Assets	39,849	14,900	51.483
Library Resources	8,588	8,500	8,309
	277,531	265,000	298,487

9. Cash and Cash Equivalents

10. Accounts Receivable

or ough this out a quivalence	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash on Hand	1,701	2,000	1,417
Bank Current Account	337,640	848,000	742,131
Bank Call Account	219	50,000	27,114
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	339,560	900,000	770,662

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$339,560 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$57,425 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to restrictions which specify how the grant is required to be spent in providing specified deliverables of the grant arrangement.

2020

2,660,913

2020

2,517,000

2019

2,398,862

Budget (Unaudited) **Actual** Actual 146,319 200,000 314,529 Receivables 5,305 10,856 Interest Receivable 300,000 552,731 Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable 421,143 704,355 500,000 746,528 Receivables from Exchange Transactions 151,624 200,000 325,385 552,731 300,000 421,143 Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions 704,355 500,000 746,528 11. Investments

Short-term Bank Deposits

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	2020	2020 Budget	2019
Current Asset	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Asset	Ð	a a	ą.

The second secon	2,660,913	2,517,000	2.398.862
Total Investments	2,000,010	2,517,000	2,000,002

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

Balance at 31 December 2019

2020	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Buildings Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication	177,781 806,578	- 56,990	-		(5,613) (111,709)	172,168 751,861
Technology	237,235	79,755			(99,448)	217,542
Motor Vehicles Textbooks Leased Assets Library Resources	- 8,271 42,674 58,158	18,504 9,839 67,752 11,636	(1,087)	-	(3,391) (8,933) (39,849) (8,588)	15,113 9,177 70,577 60,119
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,330,697	244,476	(1,087)		(277,531)	1,296,557
2020 Buildings Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Motor Vehicles Textbooks Leased Assets	Fechnology			Cost or Valuation \$ 280,750 2,338,093 867,123 161,534 26,797 146,052	Accumulated Depreciation \$ (108,582) (1,586,232) (649,581) (146,421) (17,620) (75,475)	Net Book Value \$ 172,168 751,861 217,542 15,113 9,177 70,577
Library Resources				163,480	(103,361)	60,119
Balance at 31 December 2020			-	3,983,829	(2,687,272)	1,296,557
2019	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Buildings Furniture and Equipment	183,394 840,853	86,860			(5,613) (121,135)	177,781 806,578
Information and Communication Technology	242,254	98,516			(103,535)	237,235
Motor Vehicles Textbooks Leased Assets Library Resources	8,821 82,494 61,594	7,862 13,057 11,655	(1,394) (6,782)		(8,412) (51,483) (8,309)	8,271 42,674 58,158

217,950

(8,176)

1,419,410

1,330,697

(298,487)

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2019	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	280,750	(102,969)	177,781
Furniture and Equipment	2,281,102	(1,474,524)	806,578
Information and Communication Technology	787,368	(550,133)	237,235
Motor Vehicles	143,030	(143,030)	
Textbooks	25,233	(16,962)	8,271
Leased Assets	186,457 154,737	(143,783)	42,674
Library Resources	104,737	(96,579)	58,158
Balance at 31 December 2019	3,858,677	(2,527,980)	1,330,697
13. Accounts Payable	2020	2020	2019
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating Creditors	44,613	30,000	51,263
Accruals	-	-	13,408
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	635,300	500,000	508,302
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	27,737	20,000	26,398
	707,650	550,000	599,371
Payables for Exchange Transactions Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates) Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	707,650	550,000	599,371
	707,650	550,000	599.371
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
14. Revenue Received in Advance	2020	2020	2019
	2020		2019
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	57,426	•	-
International Student Fees	268,260		500,435
Other	105,229	300,000	166,575
	430,915	1,400,000	667,010

15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

•	2020	2020 Budget	2019
Provision at the Start of the Year	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year Use of the Provision During the Year	41,000 10,000	41,000 88,000 -	31,000 10,000
Provision at the End of the Year	51,000	129,000	41,000
Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term	51,000 ~	51,000 -	41,000
	51,000	51,000	41,000

Given the extent of the building work funded by the Ministry of Education currently underway and due to commence at the College, to the best of their knowledge, the Board is satisfied that the current cyclical provision contained in the 2020 Annual Accounts is a reasonable provision at this time. The Board acknowledges that further adjustments may be required in future accounting periods once the new 10 year Property Plan and painting programme are completed.

16. Painting Contract Liability

	2020 Actual \$	2020 Budget \$	2019 Actual \$
Current Liability Non Current Liability	48,140	100,000	48,140
	225,673	250,000	210,428
	273,813	350,000	258 568

In 2009 the Board signed an agreement with Programmed Maintenance Services Ltd (the contractor) for an agreed programme of work covering a fourteen year period. The programme provides for an exterior repaint of the Ministry owned buildings in 2009 and 2016, with regular maintenance in subsequent years. The agreement has an annual commitment of \$48,140. The liability is the best estimate of the actual amount of work performed by the contractor for which the contractor has not been paid at balance sheet date. The liability has not been adjusted for inflation and the effect of the time value of money.

17. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
No. Later the Co. Van	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
No Later than One Year Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years Later than Five Years	27,082 53,573	-	29,558 15,915
	•	-	•
	80,655	-	45,473

18. Funds held in Trust

	2020 Actual \$	2020 Budget \$	2019 Actual \$
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Non-current	413,281	50,000	704,067
	413,281	50,000	704,067

These funds relate to arrangements where the school is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expenditure of the school and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

19. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

	2020	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Slip	completed	3,791	-	3,791	-	(45,000)
Boiler replacement Roofing and cladding 5YA	in progress in progress	4,097 (36,867)	-	19,136 29,474	-	(15,039) (66,341)
Special Needs Mod	in progress	-	35,000	2,774	-	32,226
Totals		(28,979)	35,000	55,175	-	(49,154)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Due from the Ministry of Education

49,154

					_	(49,154)
	2019	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Fire alarms - stage 1	completed	(25)	4,980	5,000	45	-
Fire alarms - stage 2	completed	3,242	9,000	12,401	159	-
Slip	in progress	4,579	-	788	-	3,791
Boiler replacement	in progress	-	126,000	121,903	-	4,097
Roofing and cladding 5YA	in progress	(34,828)	-	2,039	-	(36,867)
Totals		(27,032)	139,980	142,131	204	(28,979)

20. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

21. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2020 Actual \$	2019 Actual \$
Board Members	·	*
Remuneration	5,675	4,890
Full-time equivalent members	0.19	0.29
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	1,596,096	1,547,633
Full-time equivalent members	14	15
Total key management personnel remuneration Total full-time equivalent personnel	1,601,771	1,552,523
	14.19	15.29

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	Actual \$000	Actual \$000
Salary and Other Payments	200-210	180-190
Benefits and Other Emoluments	20-30	20-30
Termination Benefits		20-00

2020

2019

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2020	2019		
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number		
100-130	13.00	2.00		
	13.00	2.00		

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

22. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2020 Actual	2019 Actual
Total	•	-
Number of People	•	-

23. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2020 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2019: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. The current phase of this review is to design potential solutions for any compliance breaches discovered in the initial phase of the Programme. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2020, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

24. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2020 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

(a) \$140,000 contract for Boiler replacement which was due to be completed in **2021**, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$126,000 has been received and \$141,039 has been spent on the project to date

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2019: \$0)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2020 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of a EFTPOS Machine;

	2020 Actual \$	2019 Actual \$
No later than One Year	420	-
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	840	
Later than Five Years	-	-
	1,260	

25. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

26. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial a	assets	measured	at	amortised	cost
-------------	--------	----------	----	-----------	------

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	339,560	900,000	770,662
Receivables	704,355	500,000	746,528
Investments - Term Deposits	2,660,913	2,517,000	2,398,862
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	3,704,828	3,917,000	3,916,052
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	707,650	550,000	599,371
Borrowings - Loans	-	-	_
Finance Leases	80,655	185,000	45,473
Painting Contract Liability	273,813	350,000	258,568
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	1,062,118	1,085,000	903,412

27. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

28. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

KiwiSport Funding

KiwiSport is a Government funding initiative that promotes sport and aims to increase opportunities for school-aged students to participate in organised sport.

In 2020 the school received KiwiSport funding of \$25,305 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on new sports equipment and salaries for the Sports Department staff.

Deloitte.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF NEWLANDS COLLEGE'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Newlands College (the College). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Hamish Anton, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the College on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the College on pages 2 to 22, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the College:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2020; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector – Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 21 May 2021. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the College for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the College for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the College, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the College's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the College to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Deloitte.

 We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. Other Information has not been received by the auditor at the date the audit report is signed. Other information does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the College.

Hamish Anton Deloitte Limited

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Wellington, New Zealand